

CENTRO EDUCATIVO CONEET**NOVEMBER VOCABULARY****4th GRADE**

1. stubborn Determined not to change one's attitude or position.
2. haul To pull or drag with effort or force.
3. mournful Feeling, expressing, or inducing sadness, regret, or grief.
4. discourage Discourage, discouraged, discouraging. To cause (someone) to lose confidence or enthusiasm.
5. tour Tour, toured, touring. To travel from place to place.
6. steer To guide or control the movement of (a vehicle, ship, etc).
7. toddler A young child who is learning to walk.
8. whisk Whisk, whisked, whisking. To move somewhere quickly or suddenly, or make somebody or something do this.
9. gulp Gulp, gulped, gulping. To swallow (drink or food) quickly or in large mouthfuls, often audibly.
10. petticoat A woman's light, loose undergarment in the form of a skirt or dress.
11. leap Leap, leapt, leaping. To jump or spring a long way.
12. cloak An overgarment that hangs loosely from the shoulders.
13. paw An animal's foot having claws and pads.
14. grip Grip, gripped, gripping. To take and keep a firm hold of.
15. ragged Dressed in torn, tattered, or frayed clothes.
16. soar Soar, soared, soaring. To fly or rise high in the air.
17. load A heavy or bulky thing that is being carried or is about to be carried.
18. brood Brood, brooded, brooding. To think resentful, dark or miserable thoughts.
19. soul Emotional or intellectual energy or intensity.
20. swirl Swirl, swirled, swirling. To move or cause to move in a twisting or spiralling pattern.
21. drippings Fat that has melted and dripped from roasting meat.
22. struggle Struggle, struggled, struggling, to make forceful efforts to get free.

23. hobble	To walk awkwardly, typically because of pain.
24. ache	A continuous or prolonged dull pain.
25. bricklayer	A person whose job is to build walls, houses, and other structure with bricks.
26. fiddler	A player of the violin, especially in folk music.
27. scorch	Scorch, scorched. Scorching. To become burnt or cause to become burnt on the surface or edges.
28. billow	A large undulating mass of cloud, smoke, or steam.
29. rubble	Waste or rough fragments of stone, brick, concrete, etc., especially as the debris from the demolition of buildings.
30. disbelief	Inability or refusal to accept that something is true or real.
31. endear	To cause to be loved or liked.
32. pounce	Pounce, pounced, pouncing. To spring or swoop suddenly to catch or as if to catch prey.
33. utter	Complete; absolute.
34. hasten	To be quick to do something; move quickly.
35. quiver	To shake or tremble with a slight rapid motion.
36. bewilder	To confuse or puzzle somebody completely.
37. scorn	To hold somebody or something in contempt.
38. preen	To clean, smooth or arrange the feathers with the beak (refers to birds).
39. riveter	A machine that joins metal plates together with rivets.
40. roost	Roost, roosted, roosting. To rest or sleep on or in a roost.
41. garter	An elastic band worn around the leg to keep up a stocking or sock.
42. shudder	To tremble or shake convulsively, especially from fear or repugnance.
43. ravine	A deep, narrow valley, especially one formed by running water.
44. windowsill	A ledge or sill forming the bottom part of a window.
45. bearing	A person's way of standing, moving, or behaving.
46. skeptic	Somebody who doubts something is true.

47. basswood	A North American lime tree with large leaves.
48. tremble	To shake involuntarily, typically as a result of anxiety, excitement, or frailty.
49. slab	A large, thick, flat piece of stone or concrete.
50. tenement	A piece of property, e.g. land or houses held by one person but owned by another.
51. debris	Scattered rubbish or remains.
52. timber	Wood prepared for use in building and carpentry.
53. itch	An uncomfortable sensation or condition that causes a desire to scratch the skin.
54. bureau	An office for transacting particular business.
55. dagger	A short pointed knife used as a weapon.
56. plunge	To move suddenly downward or forward, or move something in this way.
57. spurt	A sudden stream of liquid or gas, forced out under pressure.
58. bounce	To spring quickly up or away from a surface after hitting it.
59. liquefy	To make or become liquid.
60. budge	To make or cause to make the slightest movement.
61. wriggle	To make small quick twisting and turning movements with the body.
62. grope	To search for something blindly or uncertainly by feeling with the hands.
63. spit	To eject saliva forcibly from one's mouth.
64. weary	Tired
65. huddle	To gather together in a tightly packed group.
66. strand	Strand, stranded, stranding. To leave or run a ship or sea animal aground.
67. hunchback	A back deformed by a sharp forward angle, forming a hump, typically caused by collapse of a vertebra.
68. scuff	To scrape rub, or wear away the surface of something.
69. slope	Ground that inclines slightly.
70. bray	The loud, harsh cry of a donkey.

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| 71. shriek | To utter a high-pitched piercing sound. |
| 72. squabble | Squabble, squabbled, squabbling. To have a pretty argument over a trivial matter. |
| 73. crevasse | A deep open crack in a glacier or ice field. |
| 74. fleeting | Passing or fading quickly. |
| 75. swell | To become larger or rounder in size, especially as a result of an accumulation of fluid. |

4TH GRADE**SCIENCE AND GEOGRAPHY**

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| 1. mammals | Animals that have hair and feed their young's with milk. |
| 2. inherit | You inherit a certain characteristic if it is passed to you from your parents. |
| 3. sight | Using the eyes to see. |
| 4. hearing | The sense that uses the ears to pick up sounds. |
| 5. smell | The sense that uses the nose to pick up odors. |
| 6. taste | The sense that uses the tongue to pick up flavors. |
| 7. touch | The sense that uses the nerves to pick up feelings like heat and pain. |
| 8. receptor cells | Special cells that help you to sense or perceive things, like sounds, colors, smells, and tastes. |
| 9. nervous system | Includes the pathways of nerve cells in your body and your brain. |
| 10. pupil | The black circle in the center of the eye. |
| 11. iris | The colored part of the eye. |
| 12. lens | They are behind the pupil, it bends light that enters the eye. |
| 13. retina | A layer of tissue inside the eye, at the back of the eyeball. |
| 14. rods | One of the two kinds of receptor cells in the retina. |
| 15. cones | One of the two kinds of receptor cells in the retina. |
| 16. optic nerve | Optic nerve signals to the brain from the rods and cones in the retina. |